

REVIEW

THE SIMPLE β -CARBOLINE ALKALOIDS

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Abstract—The simple β -carbolines are presented as a distinct group of alkaloids displaying structural modification of three basic ring systems. Their occurrence in plants is listed on a taxonomic basis and aspects of their metabolism, pharmacological properties and taxonomic significance are briefly summarized.

The indole alkaloids comprise a group of widespread natural occurrence, displaying considerable structural diversity. Many of the indole alkaloids contain an intact β -carboline skeleton. This review will be confined to discussion of the 'simple' β -carbolines which are here defined as compounds comprising the tricyclic pyrido(3, 4-b)indole ring system [1] with alkyl C_1 substituents. This definition therefore excludes compounds containing additional fused-ring systems or those with cyclic C_1 substituents, the most common of which are of terpenoid origin and are more closely related to the tetra- and penta-cyclic β -carboline alkaloids [3, 24]. The simple β -carbolines, under various definitions, have been the subject of previous specialist reviews [4–8] in addition to being covered in standard texts on the alkaloids. The closely related indolalkylamines have been the subject of recent review [9]. This review covers reports in major journals and *Chemical Abstracts* to April 1979.

The simple β -carbolines present a variety of modifications, by simple radical substitutions, of three basic ring systems characterized by the hydrogenation state of the pyridyl ring (Table 1, **A–C**: numbering convention that of *Chemical Abstracts* [1]). The most commonly used trivial nomenclature is based on the root —harm—, derived from an early isolation from *Peganum harmala* L. [226], although a number of alternative trivial names have proposed independently (Table 1). The generic term 'tryptoline' has been proposed for the 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro- β -carbolines (Table 1: ring **C**), following reports of their formation and endogenous occurrence in animal tissues [10].

Organic synthesis of β -carbolines has been investigated extensively [4, 11]. The 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro- β -carbolines can be formed by cyclization of the Schiff base intermediates derived from the condensation of tryptophan and tryptamine with aldehydes, and of tryptamine with α -keto acids. These reactions have been shown to take place under quasi-physiological conditions of temperature, concentration and pH (see

[4]), thus suggesting their occurrence *in vivo*. A subsequent stepwise oxidation has then been proposed to take place, giving rise to the 3,4-dihydro- β -carbolines and β -carbolines [12]. Alternative biogenetic pathways have been proposed for the derivation of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro- β -carbolines [13] and for the direct formation of 3,4-dihydro- β -carbolines and β -carbolines, without participation of the 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro forms as intermediates [14, 15].

The indolyl moiety of the tricyclic ring system has been demonstrated to be derived by biosynthesis from tryptophan by using isotope-labelled precursors in feeding experiments with *Elaeagnus angustifolia* [16, 17], *Passiflora edulis* [18], *Carex brevicollis* [19], and *Peganum harmala* [20–23]. Tryptophan is also a major precursor for the indolyl moiety of the more complex indole alkaloids containing a β -carboline skeleton [2, 3]. These studies have provided evidence for the biosynthesis of these alkaloids from an amino acid precursor thus verifying a biogenetic concept which is widely accepted to be of general application to alkaloid biosynthesis [25].

In contrast, the origin of the 'non-tryptophan' biosynthetic condensation adducts and the intermediates in the metabolism of the β -carbolines *in vivo* are not so clear. Incorporation of pyruvate- ^{14}C and acetate- ^{14}C into the pyridyl ring of simple β -carbolines has been demonstrated in *Elaeagnus angustifolia* [16, 17] and *Peganum harmala* [21], and was presumed to take place via Schiff base intermediates. An alternative biosynthetic pathway has been proposed through *N*-acetylation of tryptamine and subsequent cyclo-dehydration to the 3,4-dihydro- β -carbolines, based on evidence from feeding and trapping experiments in *Passiflora edulis* [18]. However, the subsequently demonstrated inoperation of this pathway in *Elaeagnus angustifolia* [17, 26] and the apparent scarcity of the naturally occurring 3,4-dihydro forms (Table 2) suggests that this is not the only pathway for the biosynthesis of these alkaloids in

Table 1. Structures of simple β -carboline alkaloids

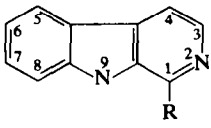
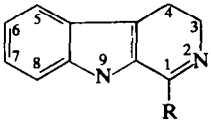
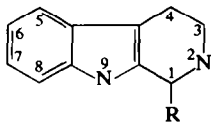
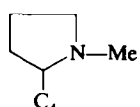
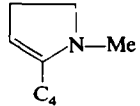
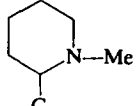
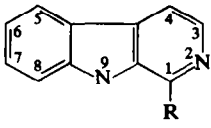
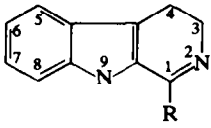
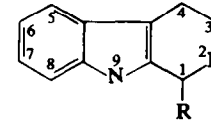
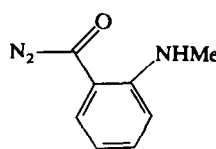
 A  B  C				
No.	Trivial name	Ring system	R	Additional substituents and their location
1.	Norharman	A	H	—
2.	—	A	H	N ₂ —Me; C ₆ —OMe
3.	—	A	H	C ₇ —COOMe
4.	Norharmalan	B	H	—
5.	Tetrahydronorharman	C	H	—
	Noreleagnine			
6.	—	C	H	N ₂ —Me
7.	—	C	H	N ₂ —Me; C ₆ —OMe
8.	—	C	H	N ₂ —Me; C ₆ —OMe; N ₉ —Me
9.	Plectocomine	C	H	C ₆ —OH
10.	—	C	H	C ₆ —OMe
11.	Harman	A	Me	—
	Passiflorine			
	Locuturine			
	Loturine			
	Aribine			
	Zygofabagin			
12.	Harmanine	A	Me	N ₂ —OH
13.	Melinonine F	A	Me	N ₂ —Me
14.	—	A	Me	N ₂ —O; C ₇ —OMe
15.	—	A	Me	C ₃ —COOH
16.	—	A	Me	C ₃ —COOMe
17.	Brevicarine	A	Me	C ₄ —(CH ₂) ₄ NHMe
18.	Brevicolline	A	Me	
19.	Dehydrobrevicolline	A	Me	
20.	Homobrevicolline	A	Me	
21.	—	A	Me	C ₆ —OH
22.	—	A	Me	C ₆ —OMe
23.	Harmol	A	Me	C ₇ —OH
24.	Harmine	A	Me	C ₇ —OMe
	Banisterine			
	Yajeine			
	Telepathine			
	Leucoharmanine			
25.	Ruine	A	Me	C ₇ —OMe; C ₈ —OGlc
26.	Harmalan	B	Me	—
27.	—	B	Me	C ₆ —OMe
28.	Harmalol	B	Me	C ₇ —OH
29.	Harmaline	B	Me	C ₇ —OMe
	Harmidine			
30.	Dihydrooruine	B	Me	C ₇ —OMe; C ₈ —OGlc

Table 1.—Continued

 A  B  C				
No.	Trivial name	Ring system	R	Additional substituents and their location
31.	Tetrahydroharman Eleagnine	C	Me	—
32.	—	C	Me	N ₂ —OH
33.	Leptocladine	C	Me	N ₂ —Me
34.	—	C	Me	N ₂ —Me; C ₆ —OMe
35.	—	C	Me	N ₂ —Me; C ₇ —OH
36.	—	C	Me	N ₂ —COMe; C ₇ —OCOMe
37.	—	C	Me	C ₃ —COOH
38.	—	C	Me	C ₅ —OMe
39.	Shepherdine	C	Me	C ₆ —OH
40.	—	C	Me	C ₆ —OMe
41.	Tetrahydroharmol	C	Me	C ₇ —OH
42.	Tetrahydroharmine Leptaflorine	C	Me	C ₇ —OMe
43.	—	A	COMe	—
44.	—	A	COMe	C ₃ —COOMe
45.	—	A	COMe	C ₄ —OMe
46.	Acetyl norharmine	A	COMe	C ₇ —OMe
47.	—	A	CONH ₂	—
48.	Harmic amide	A	CONH ₂	C ₇ —OMe
49.	—	A	COOMe	—
50.	Harmic acid ester	A	COOMe	C ₇ —OMe
51.	—	A	CH ₂ OH	—
52.	Harmalinic acid	B	COOH	C ₇ —OMe
53.	Pavettin	A	CH=CH ₂	—
54.	Dehydrocrenatin	A	CH=CH ₂	C ₄ —OMe
55.	—	A	CH=CH ₂	C ₄ —OMe; C ₇ —OMe
56.	Dehydrocrenatidine	A	CH=CH ₂	C ₄ —OMe; C ₈ —OMe
57.	—	A	CH=CH ₂	N ₉ —OMe
58.	Crenatine	A	CH ₂ —Me	C ₄ —OMe
59.	Crenatidine	A	CH ₂ —Me	C ₄ —OMe; C ₈ —OMe
60.	Pyridindolol	A	CH(OH)CH ₂ OH	C ₃ —CH ₂ OH
61.	—	C	CH ₂ CH(Me) ₂	—
62.	Borrerine	C	CH=C(Me) ₂	—
63.	Rhetsinin	C	=O	
64.	—	C	=O	C ₇ —OMe

plants. It is of interest to note also that, whilst C₇-alkyl substitution is common in the naturally occurring simple β -carbolines, the correspondingly substituted indolalkylamines (C₆ of tryptamine) have only been reported in two plant species [128, 230]. This raises questions concerning the metabolism of both indolalkylamines and simple β -carbolines which would merit further investigation.

The similarity in chromatographic and spectral characteristics of simple β -carboline homologues and the ease of formation and structural modification

which may take place in crude plant extracts [98, 185, 191] necessitates the use of caution in their identification in plant tissues. It is possible that reports of some of the naturally occurring forms found in plants (Table 2) represent artefacts of this kind.

In addition to their natural occurrence in plants, simple β -carbolines have been found in a number of other sources. Their presence in tobacco smoke [27–32], marijuana smoke [33], charred insects [34] and well-cooked foodstuffs [35, 36] reflects their formation from tryptophan by pyrolysis [27]. Their presence has

Table 2. Distribution of simple β -carboline alkaloids in fungi and angiosperms

Plant	Compound*	Reference
FUNGI		
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> (L. ex Fr.) Hooker	37	[61]
<i>Coriolus maximus</i>	11	[238]
<i>Streptomyces alboverticillatus</i>	60	[62]
ANGIOSPERMS		
Apocynaceae		
<i>Amsonia tabernaemontana</i> Walt.	24, 28, 31	[63, 64]
<i>Apocynum cannabinum</i> L.	28	[63]
<i>Aspidosperma exalatum</i> Monachino	15	[66]
<i>A. polyneuron</i> Müll. Arg.	15	[65]
<i>Ochrosia nakaiana</i> Koidz	11	[68]
<i>Pleiocarpa mutica</i> Benth.	49	[67]
Bignoniaceae		
<i>Newbouldia laevis</i> Benth. & Hook. f.	11	[69]
Calycanthaceae		
<i>Calycanthus occidentalis</i> Hook. & Arn.	24	[64, 70]
Chenopodiaceae		
<i>Hammada leptoclada</i> (M. Pop) M. Iljin	6, 31, 33	[71-75]
<i>Kochia scoparia</i> (L.) Schrad.	11, 24	[76]
Combretaceae		
<i>Guiera senegalensis</i> Lam.	11, 31	[77]
Cyperaceae		
<i>Carex brevicollis</i> DC.	11, 17, 18, 19, 20 23, 24	[78-88]
<i>C. parva</i> Nees.	17	[87]
Elaeagnaceae		
<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> L.	6, 11, 23, 26, 31, 35, 41	[64, 70, 89-96]
<i>E. commutata</i> Bernh.	61	[97]
<i>E. hortensis</i> M. B.	31	[89]
<i>E. orientalis</i> L.	31	[89]
<i>E. spinosa</i> L.	31	[89]
<i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i> L.	11, 23, 28	[63, 96]
<i>Shepherdia argentea</i> Nutt.	41	[98]
<i>S. canadensis</i> Nutt.	39, 41	[98]
Gramineae		
<i>Arundo donax</i> L.	31, 33	[99, 116]
<i>Festuca arundinacea</i> Schreb.	1, 11	[106]
<i>Lolium perenne</i> L.	1, 11	[106]
<i>Phalaris aquatica</i> L.	6, 7	[105]
<i>P. arundinacea</i> L.	6, 7, 8	[100-104]
Lauraceae		
<i>Nectandra megapotamica</i> (Sprg.) Chodat & Hassler	7	[107]
Leguminosae		
<i>Acacia baileyana</i> F. Muell.	31	[110]
<i>A. complanata</i> A. Cunn.	31, 33	[109]
<i>A. simplicifolia</i> Schinz & Guillaumin	6	[108]
<i>Anadenanthera peregrina</i> (L.) Speg	6, 7, 34	[113-115]
<i>Burkea africana</i> Hook.	11, 26, 31	[111, 112]
<i>Desmodium gangeticum</i> DC.	2, 33	[119, 120]
<i>D. gyrans</i> DC.	33	[116]
<i>D. pulchellum</i> Benth. ex Baker	2, 7, 10, 11, 33, 40,	[116-118]
<i>Mucuna pruriens</i> DC.	22	[116]
<i>Petalostylis labicheoides</i> R. Br.	31	[121, 122]

Table 2.—Continued

Plant	Compound*	Reference
<i>Prosopis nigra</i> (Gris.) Hieron.	11, 31	[123]
Loganiaceae		
<i>Strychnos melinoniana</i> Baill.	13	[124]
<i>S. usambarensis</i> Gilg.	11	[125]
Malpighiaceae		
<i>Banisteriopsis argentea</i> Spring ex Juss.	24, 29, 33, 38, 42	[116, 147, 148]
<i>B. caapi</i> (Spruce ex Griseb.) Morton	14, 23, 24, 29, 42, 46, 48, 50, 52, 64	[126–141]
<i>B. inebrians</i> Morton	23, 24, 29, 42	[142–145]
<i>B. lutea</i> Ruiz	24	[155]
<i>B. rusbyana</i> (Niedenz) Morton	6	[149]
<i>Banisteriopsis</i> spp.	23, 24, 29, 42	[128, 146]
<i>Cabi paraensis</i> Ducke	24	[150, 151]
Myristicaceae		
<i>Gymnacranthera paniculata</i> (A. DC) Warb.	6	[154]
<i>Virola cuspidata</i> (Benth) Warb.	22, 27, 40	[152, 153]
<i>V. rufula</i> (A. DC) Warb.	7	[114, 115]
<i>V. theidora</i> Warb.	6, 7	[114, 115]
Ochnaceae		
<i>Testulea gabonensis</i> Pellegr.	6	[156]
Palmae		
<i>Plectocomiopsis geminiflorus</i> Becc.	9	[157]
Papaveraceae		
<i>Meconopsis horridula</i> Hook. f. & Thoms.	7	[158]
<i>M. napaulensis</i> DC.	7	[159]
<i>M. robusta</i> Hook. f. & Thoms.	7	[158]
<i>M. rudis</i> Prain	7	[158, 159]
<i>M. paniculata</i> (D. Don) Prain	7	[158]
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L.	7	[237]
Passifloraceae		
<i>Passiflora actinea</i> Hook.	11	[172]
<i>P. alata</i> Ait.	11	[172]
<i>P. alba</i> Link et Otto	11	[166]
<i>P. bryonioides</i> H. B. K.	11	[166, 170]
<i>P. capsularis</i> L.	11	[166]
<i>P. caerulea</i> L.	11	[171]
<i>P. decaisneana</i> Nichol	11	[171]
<i>P. edulis</i> Sims	11	[166, 171]
<i>P. eichleriana</i> Mast.	11	[172]
<i>P. foetida</i> L.	11	[171]
<i>P. incarnata</i> L.	11, 23, 24, 28, 29	[64, 160–171]
<i>P. quadrangularis</i> L.	11	[166]
<i>P. ruberosa</i> ?	11	[166]
<i>P. subpeltata</i> Orteg.	11	[171]
<i>P. warmingii</i> Mast.	11	[171]
Polygonaceae		
<i>Calligonum minimum</i> Lipski	11, 12, 31, 32	[173–175]
Rubiaceae		
<i>Borreria verticillata</i> G. F. W. Mey	62	[187]
<i>Leptactinia densiflora</i> Hook. f.	31, 42	[180, 181]
<i>Nauclea diderrichii</i>	11, 16, 49	[185, 186]
<i>Ophiorrhiza japonica</i> Blume	11	[182]
<i>Pauridiantha callicarpoides</i> Bremek	11	[184, 189]

Table 2.—Continued

Plant	Compound*	Reference
<i>P. dewevrei</i> Bremek	11	[184]
<i>P. lyalli</i>	11	[190]
<i>P. viridiflora</i> Hepper	11	[184]
<i>Pavetta lanceolata</i> Eckl.	53	[183]
<i>Psychotria carthaginensis</i> Jacq.	6	[128]
<i>P. viridis</i> R. et P.	6	[128]
<i>Simira klugii</i> Standl.	11	[176–179]
<i>S. rubra</i> K. Schum.	11	[176–179]
<i>Uncaria attenuata</i> Korth.	11	[188]
<i>U. canescens</i> Korth.	11	[188]
<i>U. orientalis</i> Guill.	11	[188]
Rutaceae		
<i>Araliopsis tabouensis</i> Aubrév. & Pellegr.	63	[195]
<i>Flindersia laevicarpa</i> C. T. White & Francis	26	[191]
<i>Xanthoxylum rhetsa</i> DC.	63	[192–194]
Sapotaceae		
<i>Chrysophyllum lacourtianum</i> De Wild.	1, 51	[196]
Simaroubaceae		
<i>Ailanthus malabarica</i> DC.	43, 45, 47, 49, 54 56, 58, 59	[202]
<i>Periera madagascariensis</i> Courchet	55	[197]
<i>Picrasma ailanthoides</i> Planchon	49	[201]
<i>P. crenata</i> (Vell) Engl.	49, 58, 59	[198, 199]
<i>P. excelsa</i> (Schwartz) Planchon	57	[203]
<i>P. javanica</i> Blume	54	[200]
Solanaceae		
<i>Vestia lycioides</i> Willd.	44	[204]
Symplocaceae		
<i>Symplocos racemosa</i> Roxb.	11	[205, 206]
Tiliaceae		
<i>Grewia mollis</i> Juss.	21	[207]
Zygophyllaceae		
<i>Fagonia cretica</i> L.	11	[208]
<i>Nitraria schoberi</i> L.	?	[209]
<i>Peganum harmala</i> L.	23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 42	[96, 210–234]
<i>Tribulus terrestris</i> L.	11, 23, 24	[64, 96, 161]
<i>Zygophyllum fabago</i> L.	11, 23, 24	[64, 161, 235, 236]

* See Table 1 for structure.

also been reported in detached tobacco leaves [27], plant cell cultures containing high levels of tryptophan [40], saké [37, 38] and wine [39]. The presence of simple 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro- β -carbolines has been recorded in mammalian tissues [41–43] and their formation by the condensation of tryptamine with aldehydes formed as by-products of *in vitro* metabolism of animal tissue preparations has also been demonstrated [44]. The simple β -carbolines in passion-fruit juice [45, 46] and snuffs and decoctions prepared by South American Indian tribes [115, 128, 234] derive from their endogenous occurrence in botanical sources used for their preparation.

The sedative properties ascribed to passion-fruit juice [47] and the hallucinogenic properties of snuffs and decoctions prepared from species containing sim-

ple β -carbolines reflect their pharmacological activity. The simple β -carbolines have been found to act principally on the central nervous system and muscle [48]. Biochemical properties exhibited by these alkaloids in animal tissues include monoamine oxidase inhibition, monoamine uptake blockade and ion transport inhibition [49–51]. The simple β -carbolines have been used therapeutically, in the treatment of post-encephalitic Parkinsonism, a practice now discontinued [52], and in ecboic applications [48].

Recent interest in these alkaloids has been stimulated by reports of their ability to potentiate mutagenicity of both known mutagens and non-mutagens in *Salmonella* cultures [53]. This has been shown to be, in part, due to their influence on the metabolism of the mutagens [54, 55]. However, the

operation of a more direct mutagenic action [56] is supported by studies providing evidence of the intercalation of these bases into nucleic acids [57–59].

The simple β -carbolines have a widespread taxonomic distribution (Table 2) and this undoubtedly reflects their relative ease of formation from precursors which also have a widespread distribution. Their frequent occurrence as minor compounds in species containing more complex indole alkaloids justifies a view of their presence in these species as non-enzymatic by-products of tryptophan metabolism. However, in certain genera they represent the major group of alkaloids present and in levels which suggest enzyme-catalysed formation. Whilst the occurrence *per se* in a species is of limited taxonomic value, the presence of certain simple β -carbolines may constitute a useful characteristic. The presence of a C₄-substituted series in the Cyperaceae, C₆ in the Myristicaceae and C₇ in the Malpighiaceae and Zygophyllaceae might be provisionally considered in this way.

The selective advantages bestowed upon plant species by the presence of alkaloids is a field which provides ample speculation, but in addition to adverse pharmacological effects on predators, a role for the simple β -carbolines in defense against virus infection and as protozoacides [60] might be considered. It is not clear if the biochemical properties manifested in animal tissues, especially in relation to monoamine metabolism, are functional in plants.

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